



EAGLE INSTITUTE OF LAW

Q. A commits the offence of theft in the house of B. Can A be convicted under section 380, I.P.C. (Now BNS 305) read with section 34, I.P.C.(3(5) BNS)? Give reasons and also refer to the case law, if any, on the point.

Q. A and B commit the murder of C but there was no pre-arranged plan between them in this regard. Can A and B be convicted for murder of C under sections 302/34,(Now 103(1)(3(5) BNS) 1.P.C.? Give reasons and mention case law, if any, on the point.

Q. P, Q and R had common intention to rob S. While P and Q entered into the house of S and beat and robbed him, R stood outside to warn P and Q of any danger. On being prosecuted along with P and Q, R pleaded that neither did he commit the robbery nor cause injuries to S and hence was not guilty of any offence. Decide.

Q. A, B, C and D jointly plan to beat up X. While X is being assaulted, his daughter intervenes who is molested by D. While retreating from X's house, B pick up a watch. For what offence A, B, C and D are liable?

Q. There is a pre-arranged plan between A and B to beat C. During beating, A tells B to murder C. Consequently B murders C. Is A guilty of murdering C? Give reasons and also refer to case law, if any, on the point.

Q. Six persons are charged under section 302/149, I.P.C.(Now 103(1)/(190) Three of them are acquitted by the trial court. Remaining three are convicted under section 302/34, I.P.C. (Now 103(1)(3(5) BNS) and given life imprisonment. Discuss validity of this conviction.

Q. In furtherance of the common intention A, B and C attacked D with Lathis. They gave various lathi blows on the person of D. During such attack C gave last blow on the head of D which proved to be fatal blow. Consequently D died. A, B and C were prosecuted for the murder of D under section 302 read with section 34, I.P.C. (Now 103(1)(3(5) BNS) During trial, A and B took the defence that they are not guilty of murder but only for causing hurt to D, as they did not give the fatal blow and only C is liable for the murder of D, who gave the fatal blow to a Is the defence of A and B acceptable. Give reasons in support of your answer and also refer to the case law, if any, on the point.